

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XXXIX.

WATER ELEVATORS.

HALE'S
Hydraulic Elevators
ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE
STANDARD.

\$100,000 Worth Sold in the
Last Three Months.
Many are Choosing Their New and Dang-
erous Steam Machines for Our

Water Elevators

We have recently demonstrated in a prominent office building in New York, that our elevators will raise more than twice as many trips as steam elevators, and the tenants are therefore much better satisfied.

GATES & CO., the great Steam Elevator Company, of the country, have recently bought the right to manufacture them in the East. They say:

In presenting to the public our first circular on hydraulic elevators, we have shown that they are already occupying the highest position in its class, and that they are far superior to steam elevators for service of any similar machine.

expended Beef Tonic is the only

one that contains all the elements

that contain blood-making forces;

is in every way superior to the

tonic, nervous prostration, convul-

sion, and in every form of de-

pression.

CASELL, HAZARD & CO., Pro-

moters.

MARRIAGES.

At North Evanston, Sept. 2, of Miss

Emilie D. Roehm of Detroit, and Miss

DEATHS.

At North Evanston, Sept. 2, of Miss

Edith M. Wright of Boston, formerly

of New Orleans, on the 23 inst., of yellow

jaw disease, deeply regretted by many

friends. Obituaries please copy.

DEMOLIZE THE STOMACH

Impression in eating, we cannot

afford to let it get into great

shape. The most robust digestion has

the most important function.

The maliform symptoms of

the almost invariably attendant

on the disease, are sufficient to

persecute the sufferer if the above

is done. Who that has suffered the

convenience of a remedy which, if

the evidence of the medical profession

is to be relied upon, did not credence

to the complaint?

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE SECOND REGIMENT

TO THE PUBLIC.—A special ad hoc

for baton drill.

THIRTY-SECOND REPUBLICAN CLUB WILL

MEET THIS EVENING AT THE HILL

MEETING-HOUSE, 100 W. Division-st.

REV. F. S. FRISHER, Pres.

BETTS MILITARY ACADEMY,

STAMFORD, CONN.

A HOME SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Delightful location near Long Island Sound. Thor-

oughly equipped. First-class teachers. First-class

and first-class students. First-class parents.

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS.

EDWARD P. GORE & CO.,

60 STATE-ST.

THE LATEST

NOVELTIES

IN

TOYS

AND

FANCY GOODS.

French China, Bohemian Glass, Lava and

Granite Ware, Swiss Crystal, Goblets and

Great Varieties of Bird Cages, Willow Ware,

Druggists' Sundries, Pocketbooks, &c., &c.

BABY CARRIAGES TO BE CLOSED

ON SATURDAY, SEPT. 15.

Our New Importations are all in, and

ready for inspection.

Vergho, Ruhling & Co.

138, 140 & 142 State-st.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Pianos and Organs

IN CHICAGO,

AT W. W. KIMBALL'S,

Cor. State & Adams-sts.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

BAND A SPECIALTY.

We keep constantly on hand Instru-

ments of the most approved manu-

facturers.

AL TRADE SALE

Y GOODS,

Sept. 5, 9:30 a.m.

of Seasonable Goods. No Sale Tues-

days. Private sales every day.

EDWARD P. GORE & CO., Auctioneers.

AR TRADE SALE

ARAPETS,

SATURDAY, Sept. 6, 12 m.

Table cloth, Cutlery, &c.

EDWARD P. GORE & CO., Auctioneers.

ON, POMERY & CO.,

78 & 20 Randolph-st.

AR WEEKLY SALE

NURTURE, &c.

11:30 A.M.

Our regular sale of new goods of all de-

scribed Goods in great variety, new

and private sales every day.

EDWARD P. GORE & CO., Auctioneers.

ARUTTERS, LONG & CO.

THURSDAYS TRADE SALE.

DRS. Clothing, Notions, &c.

Sept. 5, 6, at 9:30 o'clock, at our Aus-

tioners, 100 W. Madison, and 100 South

Carroll and Chamber.

ARTURE, NITURE,

INSTRUMENTS

ROOT & SONS' MUSIC CO.,

156 State-st.

NOTICE.

TO TEXAS SHIPPERS.

The St. Louis Iron Mountain & Southern Railway

Company, from their connections at St.

Louis and Dallas, Texas, will guarantee

freight rates and charges exact as Houston

and Galveston, Texas. Route subject to

any restrictions or regulations of the rail-

ways, and to all other railroads.

EDWARD P. GORE & CO.,

104 Clark-st.

NOTICE.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP.

TO TEXAS SHIPPERS.

The Steamer of this Company will sail every Sat-

urday morning from New Orleans to Southampton

and Liverpool, via Cherbourg, and Bremer, first cabin, \$100; second

cabin, \$75; third cabin, \$50.

Agents received and re-

warded. Orders received and re-

warded. Freight and general charges apply to

the steamer.

TO RENT.

For lodgings or commission, the third floor, 457½

West Madison, in the 5-story brick front

building, opposite the Pittsburg and Monroe

Buildings, and heating firewood.

J. H. WILLIAMS, Office in building.

NOTICE.

OUT FLOWERS.

Cut Flowers made

in the design of bed-

rooms, Parlor Corners, &c.

EDWARD P. GORE & CO.,

104 Clark-st.

NOTICE.

ASTHMA.

CATASTH.

OPPRESSIONS,

COUGHING,

TROCHAE.

REMISSIONS,

TRANSPORTATION.

all

descriptions of the pre-

scriptional drugs.

Rev. Mr. Updyke, of Augusta,

Georgia, gave an extended history

of the use of Dr. C. H. Williams'

Remedy.

TEETH.

W. H. DODGE,

208 Chicago-av.

Classes with Masters of all ages. Next Term

begins Sept. 15. Circulars apply Sept. 8.

CECIL BARNS, A. Master.

CECIL BARNS.

CECIL BARNS

money to pay for its burial. If the plague continues, we will look for dead bodies to remain in houses and in the streets unburied.

The panic among the people is terrible. They look now upon Hickman as a graveyard, and those who are sick as so many dead. The town is wrapped in deep gloom. The few that remain here are doing nobly, but, without some relief, must succumb to overwork. Bonfires are burned throughout the night between here and Union City.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 5.—Information from Hickman reports sixty cases of the yellow fever and twenty deaths.

OTHER SOUTHERN CITIES.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 5.—Have talked with persons from West Tennessee who believe the new fever will spread throughout the entire Mississippi Valley from New Orleans to Cairo, if it does not touch Louis, before frost. William Martin died of fever at Martin's Station and Drury, a prominent West Tennesseean at McKenzie. The St. Louis & Iron Mountain Railway has refused to take freights from the Mobile and Ohio and Nashville & Northwestern Railroads, though freights from the latter are principally composed of pig-iron and iron products.

Attention Directed to The Tribune.

JACKSON, Tenn., Sept. 5.—No fever. Strict quarantine. A big police-force patrols the city, and eighty mounted men guard the suburbs. Great anxiety exists among the people. Hundreds have moved into the country.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

MILTON, Tenn., Sept. 5.—Thirty families left here to-day through fright. No fever exists here.

BROWNSVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 5.—It is still gloomy here, with the Post-Office, gas-works, and all business houses except two drug-stores, with one clerk in each, closed. The *Be and Democrat* newspaper office is closed for want of printers. Not more than 1,000 people, black and white, are left in town, and every street is reported dead. The dead are buried to-night. The fever is spreading to refugees in the country. Trains on the narrow-gauge railroad to Crockett County are stopped on account of the fever.

THIRTY-six fever cases now here.

All industrial establishments closed to-day at Union City.

UNION CITY.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

UNION CITY, Tenn., Sept. 5.—Ten deaths and ten new cases here. The fever is spreading in Crockett County, where great excitement is prevailing.

ORENA, Tenn., Sept. 5.—Ten deaths and children remain in town. A man and two children came here yesterday afternoon from Hickman. Their whereabouts were discovered at night. The door of the house in which they had taken shelter was broken open and the man and children driven from the city. It looks like war-times here, with every street picketed and fugitives kept alive through the night.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

BROWNSVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 5.—Ten deaths and ten new cases here. The fever is spreading in Crockett County, where great excitement is prevailing.

GRENADA.

GRENADA, Miss., Sept. 4.—The situation here is heartbreaking. Eight deaths are reported to-day, and the number of cases is increasing. Dr. W. G. Cook, the Mayor of Grenada, and a daughter of the Rev. W. M. Cookson were attacked by fever to-day. About twelve new cases developed in the last twenty-four hours. Mrs. E. P. Anderson, the widow of Col. Anderson, was stricken with the fever at Hernando. There no longer remains a house in Grenada that has not been visited by the destroyer.

DR. WOODFORD, Miss., Sept. 5.—Six deaths to-day; five cases. Fever extremely malignant. The greater proportion of deaths occur from suppression of urine. Will Ayres, a heroic citizen, died to-day. Dr. Woodford of Paducah, is sick.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 5.—The Hon. J. S. Frazer, Mayor of Lexington, authorizes the statement that all reports to the effect that there is any case of yellow fever in this city are entirely without foundation.

SAVANNAH, Ga.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Sept. 5.—Dr. J. W. Dupree, Health Officer at Batson, Roach, reports yellow fever cases to date, 168; deaths, 15; convalescent and under treatment, 148; taken sick during the last twelve hours, 16.

Dr. Dupree states that many cases are so mild in character that the physicians have declined to report them as yellow fever.

CORTON, Miss.

New ORLEANS, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to the Associated Press from May Powell, Captain, Miss., says: "The fatal yellow fever cases to date are 151; total deaths, thirty-one. The weather is cloudy, with rain. Sixteen new cases and six deaths in the last twenty-four hours."

OTHER POINTS.

The Howard Association received the following dispatches:

CANTON, Sept. 5.—Sixteen new cases and six deaths for twenty-four hours preceding 9 o'clock to date. The mortality is 100 per cent. of the numbered nurses! The suffering among the blacks is terrible. We need the colored nurses or nurses will be compelled to go to the front. Over 100 cases now under treatment.

G. W. THOMAS.

President Howard Association.

GRANADA, Miss., Sept. 5.—Ten deaths and forty-four hours. No cases in afternoons. Hiram Stone, M. D.

HICKMAN, Sept. 5.—Dr. F. P. Whitehead dies this morning. Dr. A. R. Green (colored) died yesterday. The sexton had orders to bury him in the cemetery. He was not in need of assistance. The sexton who buried him on the starvation point. If my funds can be spared, I will send Lewis D. Allen, Jr., Monroe, La., subject to the Relief Committee.

J. M. BROWN.

RELIEF, GALESBURG, Ill.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

GALESBURG, Ill., Sept. 5.—The Galesburg Philharmonic Society, assisted by Mrs. J. W. Morgan, of New York City, Mrs. Mattie Balch, Mrs. Augusta Porter, Miss Stella Hall, and Mrs. Anna Miller, gave a musical and dramatic entertainment at the Opera House this evening for the benefit of the yellow-fever sufferers. There was in attendance one of the largest and most select audiences ever assembled in the Opera-House. The wealth and beauty of the city were truly represented. Fully 1,500 persons were present. The exercises throughout were very fine. The net proceeds were near \$300. Galesburg Chapter, R. A. M., donated \$100 for the cause last evening.

CARLINVILLE, Ill.

The people of this city are doing all in their power to raise funds for the yellow-fever sufferers. A grand charity ball was held to-night at the Court-House, under the auspices of the Chamber of Commerce. The attendance was immense. A large sum was raised and will be sent to the sufferers at once. The city authorities will appoint a committee in each ward to solicit aid for the sufferers.

GALENA, Ill.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

GALENA, Ill., Sept. 5.—A dozen for the reception of money, clothing, and other supplies for the yellow-fever sufferers has been opened in this, and another will be opened.

The Masons, Odd-Fellow, and Knights of Pythias are moving in the matter, and indications are that they will respond to the call for donations with their accustomed liberality.

WILMINGTON, Pa.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

WILMINGTON, Pa., Sept. 5.—The Citizens' Relief Committee raised \$500 to-day for the Southern. The Rev. Franklin F. Durmey, Lubran minister, Mrs. Crandall of Plymouth, and W. L. Gregory offer their services as nurses.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 5.—Information from Hickman reports sixty cases of the yellow fever and twenty deaths.

LOUISIANA.

The latter has had fever experience, but probably be sent to the Committee. The Howard Association declines the others.

PRINCETON.

PRINCETON, Sept. 5.—Treasurer Scully, of the General Relief Fund, reports contributions to date for the relief of fever sufferers, \$11,734.95. This does not include the amount given by secret orders and churches, will exceed \$4,500.

Grand-Master Cunningham, of the State Grand Lodge of Masons, has received a contribution of \$100 from the Grand Lodge of Masons, South to up, and collections now being made in all parts of the State, but not yet completed, will multiply the sum many times. The Odd-Fellow Lodge also shows equal generosity.

AT THE RAIL.

The several Relief Committees, laboring for the yellow fever sufferers, are raising funds for the yellow fever sufferers. Contributions for the National movement are as follows as ever.

The Hon. Theodore M. Havensweyer, Austrian Consul and well-known referee, has had a speech prepared for the opening of Congress, to be delivered to the House of Representatives.

Representative Gibson, thinking Mr. Havensweyer writes: "Such acts of charity building up in the hearts of the Southern people are a credit to our country."

At the direction of the Tribune.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1878.

POLITICAL.

Views of Secretary Evans Regarding the Political Outlook.

Republican Harmony and Hard Work Promise Well in New York.

Grant Recognized as a Possible Standard-Bearer in 1880.

Tilden Has No Chance—The Future of the National Movement.

Elaborate Republican Preparations for the Wisconsin Campaign.

State Convention of the Minnesota Democrats—The Coming Election in Maine.

EVARTS.

HIS VIEWS OF THINGS POLITICAL.

New York.—Ten thousand Republicans in this State promises to be a lively ones on the part of the Republicans this fall. Among the speakers who have already signified their willingness to address the people on the political issues of the day is Senator Blaine, who has promised to make one if not three speeches.

The Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, of New York, will make two addresses in the State on the 23d. It is also expected that the Hon. T. Nichols, who engaged in the campaign of 1876, will speak on the 23d. The Hon. W. P. Williams, of Illinois, will speak at the State convention for the past fifteen years has been characterized by a reckless extravagance in the public revenue by wasteful appropriations made by the Legislature, and therefore invites the members of the Legislature to a meeting of the House of Representatives in the State during the autumn. Of the speakers of our own State, Senators Howe and Cameron will take part in the general canvas. The members of Congress in each district will address meetings in their own districts, and doubtless the Hon. G. W. Allard, and the Hon. George W. Taylor, will speak in the election of October.

Representative Gibson, thinking Mr. Havensweyer writes: "Such acts of charity building up in the hearts of the Southern people are a credit to our country."

At the direction of the Tribune.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

The following letter was received yesterday by the Tribune from this city from the Hon. C. K. Marshall, of Wicksburg, a prominent divine of the Methodist Church there:

"VICKSBURG, Sept. 5.—Ten thousand Republicans in this State promises to be a lively ones on the part of the Republicans this fall. Among the speakers who have already signified their willingness to address the people on the political issues of the day is Senator Blaine, who has promised to make one if not three speeches.

The Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, of New York, will make two addresses in the State on the 23d. It is also expected that the Hon. T. Nichols, who engaged in the campaign of 1876, will speak on the 23d. The Hon. W. P. Williams, of Illinois, will speak at the State convention for the past fifteen years has been characterized by a reckless extravagance in the public revenue by wasteful appropriations made by the Legislature, and therefore invites the members of the Legislature to a meeting of the House of Representatives in the State during the autumn. Of the speakers of our own State, Senators Howe and Cameron will take part in the general canvas. The members of Congress in each district will address meetings in their own districts, and doubtless the Hon. G. W. Allard, and the Hon. George W. Taylor, will speak in the election of October.

Representative Gibson, thinking Mr. Havensweyer writes: "Such acts of charity building up in the hearts of the Southern people are a credit to our country."

At the direction of the Tribune.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

The following letter was received yesterday by the Tribune from this city from the Hon. C. K. Marshall, of Wicksburg, a prominent divine of the Methodist Church there:

"VICKSBURG, Sept. 5.—Ten thousand Republicans in this State promises to be a lively ones on the part of the Republicans this fall. Among the speakers who have already signified their willingness to address the people on the political issues of the day is Senator Blaine, who has promised to make one if not three speeches.

The Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, of New York, will make two addresses in the State on the 23d. It is also expected that the Hon. T. Nichols, who engaged in the campaign of 1876, will speak on the 23d. The Hon. W. P. Williams, of Illinois, will speak at the State convention for the past fifteen years has been characterized by a reckless extravagance in the public revenue by wasteful appropriations made by the Legislature, and therefore invites the members of the Legislature to a meeting of the House of Representatives in the State during the autumn. Of the speakers of our own State, Senators Howe and Cameron will take part in the general canvas. The members of Congress in each district will address meetings in their own districts, and doubtless the Hon. G. W. Allard, and the Hon. George W. Taylor, will speak in the election of October.

Representative Gibson, thinking Mr. Havensweyer writes: "Such acts of charity building up in the hearts of the Southern people are a credit to our country."

At the direction of the Tribune.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

The following letter was received yesterday by the Tribune from this city from the Hon. C. K. Marshall, of Wicksburg, a prominent divine of the Methodist Church there:

"VICKSBURG, Sept. 5.—Ten thousand Republicans in this State promises to be a lively ones on the part of the Republicans this fall. Among the speakers who have already signified their willingness to address the people on the political issues of the day is Senator Blaine, who has promised to make one if not three speeches.

The Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, of New York, will make two addresses in the State on the 23d. It is also expected that the Hon. T. Nichols, who engaged in the campaign of 1876, will speak on the 23d. The Hon. W. P. Williams, of Illinois, will speak at the State convention for the past fifteen years has been characterized by a reckless extravagance in the public revenue by wasteful appropriations made by the Legislature, and therefore invites the members of the Legislature to a meeting of the House of Representatives in the State during the autumn. Of the speakers of our own State, Senators Howe and Cameron will take part in the general canvas. The members of Congress in each district will address meetings in their own districts, and doubtless the Hon. G. W. Allard, and the Hon. George W. Taylor, will speak in the election of October.

Representative Gibson, thinking Mr. Havensweyer writes: "Such acts of charity building up in the hearts of the Southern people are a credit to our country."

At the direction of the Tribune.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

The following letter was received yesterday by the Tribune from this city from the Hon. C. K. Marshall, of Wicksburg, a prominent divine of the Methodist Church there:

"VICKSBURG, Sept. 5.—Ten thousand Republicans in this State promises to be a lively ones on the part of the Republicans this fall. Among the speakers who have already signified their willingness to address the people on the political issues of the day is Senator Blaine, who has promised to make one if not three speeches.

The Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, of New York, will make two addresses in the State on the 23d. It is also expected that the Hon. T. Nichols, who engaged in the campaign of 1876, will speak on the 23d. The Hon. W. P. Williams, of Illinois, will speak at the State convention for the past fifteen years has been characterized by a reckless extravagance in the public revenue by wasteful appropriations made by the Legislature, and therefore invites the members of the Legislature to a meeting of the House of Representatives in the State during the autumn. Of the speakers of our own State, Senators Howe and Cameron will take part in the general canvas. The members of Congress in each district will address meetings in their own districts, and doubtless the Hon. G. W. Allard, and the Hon. George W. Taylor, will speak in the election of October.

Representative Gibson, thinking Mr. Havensweyer writes: "Such acts of charity building up in the hearts of the Southern people are a credit to our country."

At the direction of the Tribune.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

The following letter was received yesterday by the Tribune from this city from the Hon. C. K. Marshall, of Wicksburg, a prominent divine of the Methodist Church there:

"VICKSBURG, Sept. 5.—Ten thousand Republicans in this State promises to be a lively ones on the part of the Republicans this fall. Among the speakers who have already signified their willingness to address the people on the political issues of the day is Senator Blaine, who has promised to make one if not three speeches.

The Hon. Stewart L. Woodford, of New York, will make two addresses in the State on the 23d. It is also expected that the Hon. T. Nichols, who engaged in the campaign of 1876, will speak on the 23d. The Hon. W. P. Williams, of Illinois, will speak at the State convention for the past fifteen years has been characterized by a reckless extravagance in the public revenue by wasteful appropriations made by the Legislature, and therefore invites the members of the Legislature to a meeting of the House of Representatives in the State during the autumn. Of the speakers of our own State, Senators Howe and Cameron will take part in the general canvas. The members of Congress in each district will address meetings in their own districts, and doubtless the Hon. G. W. Allard, and the Hon. George W. Taylor, will speak in the election of October.

Representative Gibson, thinking Mr. Havensweyer writes: "Such acts of charity building up in the hearts of the Southern people are a credit to our country."

At the direction of the Tribune.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

The following letter was received yesterday by the Tribune from this city from the Hon. C. K. Marshall, of Wicksburg, a prominent divine of the Methodist Church there:

"VICKSB

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

BY MAIL.—IN ADVANCE.—POSTAGE PREPAID.	\$1.00
Particular Edition, one year.....	\$1.00
Postage of a year, monthly.....	2.50
Sunday Edition: Literary and Religious Double	2.50
Price of a copy, weekly.....	25
Price of a year, per month.....	3.00
One copy, per year.....	25
Club of four.....	5.00
Special copies free.	
Give Post-Office address in full, including State and County.	
Remittances may be made either by draft, express, Post-Office, or in registered letter, at our risk.	

TERMS TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

DAILY, DELIVERED, SUNDAY EXCEPTED, 25 cents per week.	
DAILY, DELIVERED, SUNDAY EXCEPTED, 25 cents per week.	
ADVERTISING.—THE UNION-STATE COMPANY.	
CORNER MADISON AND DEARBORN-ST., CHICAGO, ILL.	
Orders for the delivery of THE TRIBUNE at Evanston, Elkhornwood, and Hyde Park in the counting-room will receive prompt attention.	

TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE has established branch offices for the receipt of subscriptions and advertisements as follows:	
NEW YORK—Room 20 Tribune Building. F. T. McFARLAND, Manager.	
PARIS, France—No. 16 Rue de la Grange-Bateliere.	
H. MARSH, Agent.	
LONDON Eng.—American Exchange, 44 Strand.	
MOSCOW, Russia—Palace Hotel.	
SAN FRANCISCO Cal.—Palace Hotel.	

AMUSEMENTS.

McFieker's Theatre.	
Maine street, between Dearborn and State. "Dramatic."	
Hickey's Theatre.	
Randolph street, between Clark and LaSalle.	
Engagement of John T. Haydon. "The Gilded Age."	

Haverly's Theatre.

New Chicago Theatre.

Exposition.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

OFFICIAL LODGE, No. 32, A. F. & A. M.—Ball 125 Madison-st.—Stated Communication this (Friday) evening at 7:30 o'clock.	
Importance and interest of the meeting. By order of the M. E. H. F.	

CHARLES B. WRIGHT, Secretary.

Greenbacks at the New York Stock Exchange yesterday closed at 99.

The advent of the President and his party was an event of overpowering interest to the people of St. Paul and Minnesota, who turned out to the number of 50,000 yesterday. They were treated not only to a sight of the distinguished visitor, but also to a speech somewhat longer and more imposing in character than President HAYES had been in the habit of making.

The reports of the New Orleans Sanitary Inspectors for the month of August establish beyond question the failure of carbolic acid as a disinfectant and sulphur as a fumigator in the treatment of districts infected with yellow-fever. In two instances the efficacy of these agents in the extermination of fever germs was thoroughly tested, and in both a total failure is reported.

Arrangements are now completed for the picnic given up by the city and county officials for next Tuesday in aid of the yellow-fever sufferers, and there is every prospect that the affair will result in a handsome addition to Chicago's contribution for the relief of the sick and destitute of the South. State's Attorney MILLS has been chosen Treasurer, and a guarantee is thus afforded that every dollar realized from the picnic will be faithfully accounted for.

An address has been issued by the Howard Association at New Orleans setting forth the urgent need of help from the people of the North, East, and West to enable the charitable organizations to continue their work of relief. From this authoritative presentation of the situation it will be seen that the duty of giving is by no means discharged as yet, but that the call for contributions is and will be even more pressing than heretofore.

MATT CARPENTER is not a candidate for the United States Senate, but is "in the hands of his friends," who have just got to readied a printed form of petition to be distributed through the State and circulated for names, after the plan pursued by Gen. BURKE in Massachusetts. Not being a candidate, Mr. CARPENTER read and revised the circular before it was sent out, making such alterations as his judgment would render resistance to this spontaneous expression by the people all the more difficult on his own part.

An interesting interview with Secretary EVANS on political topics is given in a New York dispatch this morning. He regards the outlook in New York State as most encouraging for the Republicans, for the reason that they now perceive the necessity of setting aside personal and minor considerations, such as the aspirations of Senator CONKLING, the removal of the New York Custom-House officials, and the President's Southern policy, and of working together earnestly and unitedly for the success of the party as a whole. Mr. EVANS sees reason to expect that the Republicans in New York will control the Assembly and the election of a United States Senator, and also gain several Congressmen.

The proposition to squander money by printing the proceedings of the County Board in one of the English and German morning papers is one which the taxpayers will regard with disfavor as being wholly gratuitous and needless. The proceedings are regularly printed in all the Chicago morning dailies fully, fairly, and correctly, and the public is never in ignorance of anything of importance that has been done by the Board the day before, and this without cost to the county. Any money paid for printing what is already printed for nothing will be a clear gratuity to the English and German papers which shall receive the contract, and unless the Board in return expects to secure a couple of subsidized organs by the operation it is difficult to account for this sudden desire for extra publicity.

The Union and Central Pacific Railroad Companies, the two land-grant corporations especially aimed at the Sinking-Fund act passed by the Forty-fifth Congress, are the only ones who refuse to comply with the provisions of that act which require them to render to the Auditor of Railroad Accounts correct transcripts of their books. It is presumed to be the intention of these powerful Companies to question the constitutionality of the act in question, and the matter will soon be in the

hands of the Attorney-General for prosecution of the companies on account of failure to comply with the law. Continued refusal will be attended with serious risk, since the law imposes upon them the forfeiture of their rights and franchises as a penalty for persistent disobedience of its mandates.

There is trouble ahead for some of the parties who have taken part in the conspiracy to manufacture damaging proof against Secretary SHERMAN in the POTTER investigation. It seems to have reached the limit of forbearance, and to have made up his mind to strike back in case the conspirators persist in their programme of adding forged perjury to the production of a paper purporting to be the SHERMAN letter to ANDREW and WALTER. Somebody will get hurt if they keep on fooling with John SHERMAN.

LANDS FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.

Secretary SCHWEITZER has, after hearing argument from the railroad companies interested, affirmed his decision made in July that all the lands granted by Congress to the several Pacific Railroads, and not sold by those railroad companies within three years after the completion of the roads, are now open to private entry and pre-emption at the regular Government price for public lands of \$1.25 per acre. The several grants provided that these lands should be open to private entry and to pre-emption unless they were "sold or otherwise disposed of" by the railroad companies within the time limited. In some cases, as in certain Iowa roads, the railroad companies sold their lands in bulk for cash to land companies, and patents thereto were issued by the United States, and such lands have been held as private property, and regularly taxed by the State and local authorities as other lands patented by the Government. In the other cases, the companies executed mortgages on the lands, or conveyances of the lands to trustees, with power to sell and give title, and apply the proceeds to the benefit of the companies. Mr. JAMES BLACK has given an opinion that this conveyance of the land to trustees to secure debts or liabilities of the companies, fully overcomes the requirement of the law that all such lands not be sold, "or otherwise disposed of," shall be open to private entry. He has declared that in his opinion the payment of mortgages was a "disposal" of the property, in the contemplation of law.

Mr. SCHWEITZER, however, takes a different view of the case. He claims that it has been the uniform policy of the United States to avoid the creation of large estates, and to place the public lands at such rates and in reasonable quantities within the easiest possible reach of those seeking them for actual settlement. The accumulation of lands in large quantities in a few hands has always been regarded with distrust, and as opposed to the best interests of the country. When Congress granted the immense quantities of land to aid in the construction of the several Pacific Railroads, the policy of securing the lands to actual settlers at reasonable prices was not abandoned. The companies were required to sell their lands within three years at such prices as could be got for them, or the land was to be opened to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER, however, takes a different view of the case. He claims that it has been the uniform policy of the United States to avoid the creation of large estates, and to place the public lands at such rates and in reasonable quantities within the easiest possible reach of those seeking them for actual settlement. The accumulation of lands in large quantities in a few hands has always been regarded with distrust, and as opposed to the best interests of the country. When Congress granted the immense quantities of land to aid in the construction of the several Pacific Railroads, the policy of securing the lands to actual settlers at reasonable prices was not abandoned. The companies were required to sell their lands within three years at such prices as could be got for them, or the land was to be opened to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWEITZER decides, therefore, that the only disposition of the land intended by the law to take it out of the right of pre-emption and private purchase is bona fide sale of the land within the time indicated by law. He holds that a mortgage is a mere security, vesting no title to the land in the mortgages either before or after the condition is broken, because the mortgage can be discharged by payment of all the money due on it, and will be open to private entry at the standard price per acre, and to be open also to the right of pre-emption. This would open them to all persons of limited means, leading to the early settlement of the lands, and furnishing cheap homes to the industrious. Mr. SCHWE

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Government Bonds Coming Back on the Market—Activity at the Banks.

Latest Trade Returns—Currency Movement—Local Quotations.

The Produce Markets Irregular—Hogs and Provisions Weak.

Wheat and Bye-Products Firm—Oats Steadier—Freights Weak.

FINANCIAL.

A sign of awakening activity in the loan market is the increased sales by holders of Government bonds. Transactions lately have been the other way, with buyers holding bonds, but not selling them. Within ten days quite a change has taken place, and the amount of bonds thrown back on the market is considerable. The sales are of large and small quantities, and there is no sign of any who sell them can discover, by persons who can lend their money at better prices than the Government pays. Rates of interest at the banks have not hardened, but it would require only a slight additional demand to cause a rise. The present position is one of a fairly profitable fall for bondholders. Rates of discount are 60 per cent at the banks, and lower rates can be secured by first-class outside borrowers on call.

The country offices for currency are kept up well. New York exchanges held between banks at 600 \$100,000 discount.

Clearings were \$4,000,000.

THE MINING STOCK EXCITEMENT.

The present excitement in the San Francisco mining stock last longer than was expected. The value of the stock has been marred by the following notice: "We reserve the right to cancel this contract by paying to the purchaser 5 per cent of the par value of the stock in addition to the amount paid." That is, the purpose of the offer is for the protection of producers, who sell from panics or from "corners" in the Stock Exchange. It is probable that all the other blackboard concerns will adopt a similar system.

CHICAGO MINING AND STOCK EXCHANGE.

Steve Nevada Sept. 7. 27. 77%
Union Consolidated 27. 77%
Maxim 27. 77%
C. & G. 27. 77%
California 27. 77%
Consolidated Virginia 8.87%
First & D. 14.00
Gulf 14.00
Savannah 9.25%
Bacon 14%
Chester Potash 28.00
Johnsburg 27.75%
Butte 27.75%
Button 27.75%
Kanzeon 3.25
Almond 4.75%
Yellow Jacket 9.25%
Crown Point 6.87%
Overman 10.00
Caledonia 2.25
Jesse Hill 7.25%
Aita 7.25%
with two or three exceptions the line shows an advance. In many cases the rise is one of hundred per cent. But it has risen to \$2 a share, a handsome advance on the half dollar a share it commanded a year ago. The telegraph gives no news of the developments of the mines or the price of which they now moves. As far as can be learned by a private advisor, the movement is almost entirely speculative. There is an honest out-turn of metal from the Bodie, and its neighbor, the Standard. These two Mono County, Corn mines have paid out \$1,000,000 in dividends, and the Bodie \$400,000 out of the first month's product. But apart from this, there has been no tangible basis for the rise in stocks, unless "points" and mysterious rumors of "another bonanza" are tangible basis. The mining of gold is kept as a living point by diphylates like the following sent from Virginia City, Nev.:

VIRGINIA, Aug. 28.—The decline of the Sierra Nevada has its whole bottom in one night, and of better quality than anything yet struck in the mine. . . . Most of the ore is reduced. The Sierra Nevada has been sold, but as quoted no returns show the whole Comstock is certain. All sorts of rumors of new discoveries are abroad. This is a specimen of the talk on which the San Francisco gamblers stake their money:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple. The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A comparatively high quotation has been secured for the stock. This can be done with any stock, but the market becomes very active, and the most difficult task remains, and that is to understand the top of the excitement. This requires great care, and the public have been educated up to the belief that there is a veritable bonanza in the Sierra Nevada mine. Whether this can be true or not, is one of the unsolved problems. First in order will be the report of some mining expert, followed by a well-known mining engineer, and published in a paper not particularly noted for mining experiments. Then that can be done, and the market becomes very active, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

The San Francisco Bulletin expresses the opinion:

A person who was present at the gathering of the miners in the Corn Palace, and also in the Consolidated Virginia, and California, and who has recently been in the Sierra Nevada mines, says that there was a Comstock in the inst-named mine.

It is a "person," and the person is reported to be a man of great wealth, and he has been a speculator in stocks, and the public have had a trustworthy information that there has been a new discovery. If there has, what is its extent or value. But for all that the public has bought the shares so rapidly as to carry the value up above 1,000 per cent within a month. The last mail advised me that the "person" may have found it out. But all this is the most uncertain of uncertainties, and it is evident that investing money here is gambling, pure and simple.

